

Executive Summary: Ohio – AISF (American Innovation & Sustainability Fund)

Overview

The Ohio initiative within the AISF Master Plan focuses on resource extraction from shale brines and coal waste, coupled with the deployment of AI-driven healthcare solutions (Invisa.aiTM). This dual-purpose project seeks to extract critical minerals (lithium, REEs) from Utica Shale brine and coal ash, while simultaneously advancing AI-powered orthotics to improve gait, balance, and quality of life for large healthcare populations, including pediatric and elderly groups. By addressing Ohio's natural resources and healthcare needs, the project will strengthen U.S. supply chains, improve public health, and generate economic growth statewide.

Key Objectives

- Shale Brine & Coal Waste Extraction
 - Recover lithium (20–30 tons annually) from Utica Shale brines and 100–150 tons of rare earth elements (REEs) from coal waste.
 - Provide vital minerals for electric vehicle batteries, renewable energy (wind turbines), and defense technologies.
- <u>AI-Driven Orthotics Access</u>
 - Scale Invisa.ai[™] orthotic solutions (Invisabrace®, InvisaSole®) to serve major medical centers like Cleveland Clinic and Nationwide Children's Hospital.
 - Improve **mobility** for populations with **cerebral palsy**, **diabetes**, and **other impairments**, reducing healthcare costs and enhancing patient outcomes.
- Economic & Environmental Impact
 - Reduce reliance on foreign sources of critical minerals while remediating coal waste and shale brine contamination.
 - Create high-value jobs in minerals extraction and AI healthcare tech; improve health equity by providing AI-driven orthotics to underserved communities.

Phases

Phase 1 (0–12 months)



> Shale Brine & Coal Waste Assessment

- Conduct **feasibility studies** on **Utica Shale** brines and **coal ash** deposits to identify **mineral content**.
- Collaborate with **Ohio State University** and **local energy companies** for extraction trials.

> AI Orthotics Development

- Launch pilot clinical trials with Cleveland Clinic and Nationwide Children's Hospital, testing Invisa.ai[™] solutions on 500–1,000 patients.
- Focus on **diabetic foot care** and **pediatric mobility issues**.
- Partnership Formalization
 - Finalize MOUs with **Ohio State University**, **Cleveland Clinic**, and local **energy producers**.
 - Secure **\$5–10M** in funding to pilot orthotics and mineral extraction.

Phase 2 (12-24 months)

- > Shale Brine & Coal Waste Extraction Facility
 - Establish a modular facility to process 50,000–100,000 gallons of shale brine per day, recovering 100–150 tons of lithium annually.
 - Begin coal waste processing for REEs, targeting 50 tons annually.
- Orthotics Rollout
 - Scale Invisa.aiTM to additional healthcare facilities, focusing on elderly mobility and fall prevention.
 - Distribute 2,000–5,000 devices to rehabilitation centers, senior living facilities, and diabetic care clinics.

Revenue Generation

- **\$5–7M** annually from lithium/REE sales, **\$2–3M** from orthotic device sales.
- Strengthen local supply chains and healthcare networks.

Phase 3 (24–36+ months)

- Full-Scale Extraction Facility
 - Expand to process **500,000 gallons** of shale brine daily and **10,000 tons** of coal waste annually.
 - Produce **300–400 tons** of lithium and **100–150 tons** of REEs yearly, vital for **EV**, **battery**, and **renewable** sectors.
- National Orthotics Deployment
 - Scale Invisa.ai[™] to serve 10,000+ patients across Ohio, expanding to neighboring states.
 - Focus on high-need populations (diabetic patients, seniors) at risk for **mobility impairments**.
- Revenue Projections



• By Year 5, \$50–75M from lithium & REE sales, \$30–40M from orthotics.

Impact

- 1. Environmental Impact
 - Process **100,000 gallons** of shale brine/day and **10,000 tons** of coal waste/year, reducing contamination and recovering **critical minerals**.
 - Enhance **ecosystem health** by treating **toxic** brine and coal ash.
- 2. Economic Impact
 - **400–500 direct jobs** in minerals extraction and AI healthcare; **1,500–2,000** indirect jobs in logistics, research, and services.
 - **\$100M+** annual economic impact by **Year 5**, bridging Ohio's mining heritage with future-oriented industries.
- 3. National Security & Supply Chain Resilience
 - **Domestic lithium and REE production** reduces U.S. dependence on foreign suppliers, aiding **EV**, wind, and defense.
 - Invisa.ai[™] orthotics improve public health, reduce long-term healthcare expenses, and support aging populations.

Financial Projections

Capital Investment & Revenue Timeline

Phase	Timeline	Capital Investment	Key Revenue Drivers	Projected Annual Revenue
Phase 1	0–12 months	~\$5–10M	Pilot extraction (shale brine/coal waste) + orthotics trials	Minimal (R&D, clinical validation)
Phase 2	12–24 months	~\$10–15M (cumulative)	Modular facility (50k–100k gallons/day) + orthotics expansion	\$5–7M (lithium/REE) + \$2–3M (orthotics)
Phase 3	24–36+ months	~\$30–40M (cumulative)	Full-scale extraction (300–400 tons lithium/yr, 100–150 REEs) & national orthotics deployment	\$50–75M (REE) + \$30–40M (orthotics) by Year 5

<u>5-Year Financial Outlook</u>



- Year 1
 - **Investment**: ~\$5–10M for pilot extraction, orthotics R&D.
 - Revenue: Minimal, focus on feasibility & clinical validation.
- Year 2
 - Additional Investment: ~\$5M more for scaling.
 - **Revenue: \$5–7M** from lithium/REE, **\$2–3M** from orthotics.
- Year 3
 - Scaling: Achieve moderate production & expanding orthotic distribution.
 - **Revenue: \$15–20M** total, bridging both sectors.
- Year 5
 - **Full-Scale**: 500,000 gallons/day of brine, 10,000 tons coal waste/year, 10k+ orthotics devices sold.
 - Annual Revenue: \$50–75M (REE + lithium), \$30–40M (orthotics).
 - IRR: 20–25% over 5–7 years.
 - **Breakeven**: By Year 3.
 - **3x ROI**: By **Year 5**, leveraging both mining & AI healthcare expansions.

10-Year Outlook

- **Expanded Production**: Potential to **double** or **triple** annual lithium/REE output with additional facilities.
- Orthotics Market Penetration: Capturing 20–25% of national demand for AI-driven mobility devices.
- **Robust State Economy: \$200M+** in annual revenue, thousands of stable jobs, and deeper supply chain maturity.

15-Year Outlook

- Global Leadership: Ohio emerges as a major lithium & REE hub, fueling EV, battery, and wind markets worldwide.
- Advanced Healthcare Solutions: Invisa.aiTM attains international market share, offering wearable robotics, specialized diabetic foot care, and senior fall prevention.
- Legacy Remediation: Long-term treatment of historic coal waste and brine contamination, ensuring a cleaner environment for future generations.

Return on Investment & Risk Mitigation

- 1. Diversified Revenue
 - Minerals (lithium/REEs), orthotics device sales (Invisabrace[®], InvisaSole[®]), telehealth platform (Invisa.aiTM).



• Reduces market risk by integrating both **mining** and **healthcare**.

2. Staged Investment

- **Phases** validate each milestone (pilot extraction success, clinical trial outcomes) before further capital infusion.
- 3. Local Partnerships
 - Ohio State University and Cleveland Clinic reduce R&D/clinical risks.
 - Public grants may offset environmental cleanup costs.
 - **Private sector** invests in guaranteed off-take for EV/renewable supply chains.

4. Clinical Validation

• Data from **Invisa.ai**TM trials supports **insurance coverage** for orthotics, broadening the potential patient base and revenue.

Conclusion

The Ohio initiative under the AISF Master Plan presents a high-impact, scalable solution to critical mineral shortages and healthcare needs. This project aligns economic growth, environmental remediation, and public health improvements by extracting lithium and REEs from shale brines and coal waste and deploying AI-driven orthotics for large populations with mobility impairments. With \$30–40M in capital through Phases 1 and 2, the initiative targets \$50–75M in annual REE/lithium revenue and \$30–40M from orthotics by Year 5, yielding a 20–25% IRR and 3x ROI by Year 5. Over 10–15 years, Ohio stands to become a leading hub for sustainable resource extraction and AI healthcare innovation, benefiting both domestic supply chains and underserved communities.